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OFFICIAL NOTICES.

THE library attached to the Patent Office is open free to the public during office hours. It contains, amongst others, the following publications, viz. :—

- Specifications and Drawings of Inventions patented in the United Kingdom.
- Classified Abridgments of such Inventions.
- The English Illustrated Official Journal (Patents).
- The English Trade Mark Journal.
- The Official Gazette of the United States Patent Office.
- The Canadian Patent Office Record.*
- The Patent Gazettes and Printed Specifications of the Australian Colonies.
- The Propriété Industrielle.

* This periodical may also be seen at the Free Public Libraries at Auckland and Christchurch.

THE under-mentioned printed forms may be had on application to the Patent Office, viz. :—

- Application for Letters Patent.
- Provisional Specification.
- Complete Specification and Copy.
- Application for Registration of Design.
- Application for Registration of Trade Mark.
- Application for Extension of Time for making any payment or for lodging Complete Specification.
- Application for Registration of Subsequent Proprietor (by assignment or otherwise) of Letters Patent.
- Application for Registration of Subsequent Proprietor of Trade Mark.

Forms of Application for Letters Patent, Provisional Specification, Complete Specification (with copy), may also be obtained at all local Patent Offices and Money-order Offices.

THE following publications can be obtained from the Government Printer, viz. :—

- Printed Specifications to the end of the year 1879.
- Annual Lists of Letters Patent and Letters of Registration applied for, and Particulars of Applications lapsed and Patents lapsed, from 1880 to 1888, inclusive.
- Annual Reports of the Registrar, containing Alphabetical Lists of Applicants for Letters Patent and of Inventions patented from 1889 to 1899, inclusive.

ERRATUM.—In Supplement to *New Zealand Gazette*, No. 83, of the 27th September, 1900, under heading "Applications for Letters Patent abandoned," omit "No. 12169.—W. H. Cutten, dredge-bucket."

Notice of Acceptance of Complete Specifications.

Patent Office,
Wellington, 10th October, 1900.

COMPLETE specifications relating to the under-mentioned applications for Letters Patent have been accepted, and are open to public inspection at this office. Any person may, at any time within two months from the date of this *Gazette*, give me notice in writing of opposition to the grant of any such patent. Such notice must set forth the particular grounds of objection, and be in duplicate. A fee of 10s. is payable thereon.

No. 12281.—4th January, 1900.—JOHN ALGEN BELK, of Feilding, New Zealand, Coachbuilder. Improvements in driving-mechanism for steamships.*

Claims.—(1.) The improved driving-mechanism for steamships consisting of a number of vertical shafts that are passed down through the hull of the vessel, such shafts having mounted thereon a number of blades or fans, which may be curved or flat, the top ends of the shafts being provided with cranks that are in connection with the connecting-rods of the driving-engines, as described and explained. (2.) In driving-mechanism for steamships, a number of vertical shafts, on each of which are mounted a number of vertical blades or fans, such shafts being stepped in extensions of the hull of the vessel and passing upwards through tubes that are made watertight with the hull, as specified. (3.) A pair or pairs of vertical shafts, each one of which is provided with a number of blades or fans, and which pass upwards through the hull at the stern of the vessel, in combination with a concave plate placed upon the blunted stern of the vessel, and another concave plate placed behind the vertical shafts, so that they shall lie between the two concave surfaces of the plates, as and for the purposes set forth.

(Specification, 4s.; drawings, 5s. 6d.)

No. 12309.—16th January, 1900.—CHARLES BRISTOW, of Grovely, Marton, New Zealand, Mechanical Engineer. Improvements in seed-feeding devices.*

Claims.—(1.) In apparatus for the purpose described, a roller fixed upon a spindle revolvable beneath a seed-hopper, holes or indentations in the circumferential periphery of said roller receiving seed to be sown, and means for conducting seed from said hopper to the periphery of the roller, substantially as and for the purposes described, and illustrated in the drawings. (2.) In apparatus for the purpose described, a revolvable roller having holes or indentations in its circumferential periphery to receive seed to be sown, means for conducting seed from a hopper to the periphery of said roller whereby it passes into said holes, and an ejector working in a groove in the roller for removing seed from said holes, substantially as and for the purposes described, and illustrated in the drawings. (3.) In apparatus for the purpose described, a roller revolvably mounted beneath a receptacle containing seed to be sown, and a riding hopper beneath said receptacle riding upon the roller, means for admitting seed to said riding hopper from said receptacle, and holes or indentations in the circumferential periphery of said roller receiving seed within the said riding hopper and conducting it therefrom, substantially as and for the purposes described, and illustrated in the drawings. (4.) In apparatus for the purpose described, a roller revolvably mounted beneath a receptacle containing seed to be sown, and a riding hopper beneath said receptacle riding upon the roller, means for admitting seed to said riding hopper from said receptacle, and a continuous groove upon the circumferential periphery of said roller receiving seed within the said riding hopper and conducting it therefrom, substantially as and for the purposes described, and illustrated in the drawings. (5.) In apparatus for the purpose described, a receptacle for seed, a roller revolvably mounted beneath it, and a riding hopper beneath said receptacle and riding upon the roller, said roller being provided with means for receiving and conducting seed from said riding hopper, substantially as specified and illustrated. (6.) In apparatus for the purpose described, a receptacle containing seed, a roller revolvably mounted beneath it, said roller being provided with means for receiving and conducting seed from a scraper or riding hopper arranged beneath the seed-receptacle and riding upon the roller, substantially as and for the purposes specified, and illustrated in the drawing. (7.) In apparatus for the purpose described, a receptacle for seed divided into compartments, a hopper beneath said receptacle riding upon a roller and also divided into compartments, and means upon the circumferential periphery of said roller for receiving seed and conducting it from each compartment, the bottom of each compartment of the seed-receptacle having an opening for the passage of seed to the riding hopper and a shutter between the seed-receptacle and said riding hopper, having openings arranged to admit

seed to either compartment of the riding hopper independently, and said shutter also being arranged to shut off seed from both the compartments simultaneously, substantially as and for the purposes described, and illustrated in the drawings. (8.) In apparatus for the purpose described, a receptacle containing seed, means for conducting seed from said receptacle to a roller mounted revolvably beneath it, holes or indentations in the form of a ring or rings upon the circumferential periphery of the roller receiving seed within and conducting it from the riding hopper, a groove or grooves circumscribing the roller and passing through said holes, and an ejector fitting within said groove or grooves adapted to eject seed from said holes, substantially as and for the purposes described, and illustrated in the drawing. (9.) In apparatus for the purpose described, a receptacle containing seed, means for conducting seed from said receptacle to a roller mounted revolvably beneath it, said roller having holes or indentations in the form of a ring upon its circumferential periphery receiving said seed, a groove surrounding the roller passing through said holes, and an ejector fitting within said groove for ejecting seed from the holes, said ejector being in the form of a blade, wedge-shaped one end and held in the groove by a spring, substantially as and for the purposes specified and illustrated. (10.) In apparatus for the purpose described, a receptacle for seed divided into two compartments, a riding hopper beneath said receptacle divided by a dividing-plate, the bottoms of said compartments each having a hole communicating with one of the divisions of the riding hopper, and a roller beneath said riding hopper provided with means whereby seed is simultaneously withdrawn from one division of the riding hopper and discharged intermittently, and from the other division of the riding hopper discharged in a continuous flow, said means consisting of a number of holes in the circumferential periphery of the roller for giving the intermittent discharge, and of a circumferential groove for providing a continuous flow, substantially as and for the purposes described, and illustrated in the drawings. (11.) The improved apparatus for sowing seeds consisting of the parts arranged, combined, and operating substantially as and for the purposes described, and illustrated in the drawings.

(Specification, 7s. 9d.; drawings, 10s. 6d.)

No. 12574.—4th May, 1900.—ARTHUR GRIFFITH, of 169, Phillip Street, Sydney, New South Wales, Patent Agent (nominee of Giovanni Enrico, of Turin, Italy, Civil Engineer). An improved cycle.

Claims.—(1.) A cycle in which the entire weight of the rider is supported directly by the pedals, substantially as and for the purpose set forth. (2.) A cycle constructed in such a manner that the rider occupies the standing position thereon, and rotates the driving-wheel by alternately shifting his weight from one foot to the other, substantially as set forth. (3.) In a cycle of the type set forth, the speed gearing, comprising the lever *b* keyed to the axle, the gearing *c* and *d* constructed and operating so as to increase to the required degree the number of revolutions of the driving-wheel of the cycle, substantially as set forth. (4.) In a cycle of the type set forth, the system of pedal levers with moving fulcrum adapted to support the rider in the standing position, said levers connected, on the one hand, to the cranks *a* keyed upon the axle *x*, and, on the other hand, to the rods oscillating upon the pivot *l*, substantially as described, and shown in the drawings. (5.) In a cycle of the type set forth, pedals *p*, allowing the foot of the rider to be moved thereon towards the oscillating rods *t*, or towards the cranks *a*, so as to vary the driving-power in accordance with the resistance of the road. (6.) The combination of parts forming the improved bicycle, constructed and operating substantially as set forth, and shown in the drawings.

(Specification, 3s.; drawings, 10s. 6d.)

No. 12942.—28th August, 1900.—JOSEPH MORGAN, of Greymouth, New Zealand, Mining Engineer, and JAMES KERR, Jun., of Greymouth aforesaid, Compositor. A set of improved dredging-scoops.*

Claims.—(1.) Constructing the elevators of dredging-machines with a number of series of buckets, each of such series consisting of five buckets, which are each provided with the different means described whereby the earth may be ploughed and scooped up, substantially as set forth. (2.) A series of buckets for use in the elevators of dredges, such series consisting of five buckets, the first one of which is provided with a single projection on its under-lip, the second bucket with two projections, and the third with three projections, while the lip of the fourth bucket is made to project slightly at its centre, and the fifth is formed in the ordinary manner, the projections on the first three buckets and the lips of the fourth and fifth being provided with steel wearing-shoes that are removably secured to the bodies of the buckets, all as and for the purposes set forth and explained.

(Specification, 3s.; drawings, 3s.)

No. 13000.—17th September, 1900.—WILLIAM JAMES DALTON, of Auckland, New Zealand, Civil Engineer. Improved stopper, cork, tap, or vent combined, applicable to bottles, drums, kerosene-tins, or similar articles.

Claim.—By the device of a tube within a tube, or a tube or tubes distinctly separate, having a hole or perforations therein capable of being brought into connection with each other or separated at will, forming part of or connected with the stopper, cork, or other like contrivance, so that a continuous flow of any gas, liquid, or other substance can be effected, regulated, or entirely cut off, as substantially set forth and described in drawings and specifications.

(Specification, 2s. 3d.; drawings, 5s. 6d.)

No. 13010.—24th September, 1900.—CONRAD FIELD MENDHAM, of South Norwood, London, England, Engineer. Improvements relating to the closing of sheet-metal boxes or cans, and to apparatus therefor.

Claims.—(1.) A cap or stopper, made of tin or other sheet-metal, for use on vessels containing oils, inflammable or explosive substances, by which the caps and the metal of the vessels are rendered perfectly air-tight by rolling or compressing the touching surfaces together, substantially as described and shown. (2.) A cap or stopper for tin and other sheet-metal vessels as already described, rendered perfectly air-tight by expanding and beading the cylindrical touching surfaces from the inside, as shown in Figs. 5 and 6, substantially as described. (3.) A cap or stopper for vessels containing oils, paints, explosive or inflammable substances, which renders the vessels air-tight by metallic contact, without the application of heat or the use of jointing-material, substantially as and for the purposes described and set forth, and illustrated in the drawings. (4.) A joint made as described, with an outwardly projecting bead immediately beneath the folded parts. (5.) The combination of a die-ring and a roller within the same, between which the seam to be operated upon is inserted, one of these parts being capable of a limited lateral movement relatively to the other, means for rotating one of said parts, and means for moving the rotary part laterally to cause it to assume a position eccentric to the other part, and thus squeeze said seam by exerting a rolling force on the inner surface thereof, substantially as described. (6.) The combination of a die-ring, a roller within said die-ring, means for rotating said roller, and means for moving said roller laterally while it is rotating so as to bring it into a position eccentric to said die-ring, substantially as described. (7.) The combination of a die-ring and a roller within the same, between which the seam to be operated upon is inserted, one of these parts being capable of a limited lateral movement relatively to the other, and said roller having a circumferential projection or rib to form an external bead below the joint, means for rotating one of said parts, and means for moving the rotary part laterally to cause it to assume a position eccentric to the other part and thus squeeze or squeeze and expand said seam, substantially as described. (8.) The combination, with a stationary casing provided with a circular jaw, of rollers arranged inside the casing, and a revolvable mandrel, depressible or working in a fixed bearing, operating to move the said rollers towards the jaw, and to revolve them about their own axes and the axis of the jaw, substantially as set forth. (9.) The combination, with a stationary casing provided with a circular jaw, of conical rollers pivotally supported inside the said casing, and a revolvable mandrel bearing against the conical surfaces of the said roller, substantially as set forth. (10.) The combination, with a stationary casing having a circular jaw, of rollers arranged inside the casing, with projecting beads arranged below the jaw, and a revolvable mandrel for forcing outward and revolving the said rollers and their beads, substantially as set forth. (11.) The combination, with a stationary casing having a circular jaw, and a collar above the jaw, of rollers provided with heads pivotally supported on the upper edge of the said collar, and a revolvable mandrel for forcing outward and revolving the said rollers, substantially as set forth. (12.) The combination, with a stationary casing provided with a circular jaw at its lower part, a collar above the jaw, and a cage provided with chases between the said jaw and collar, of rollers journaled loosely in the chases and provided with heads supported on the collar, and a revolvable mandrel for forcing outward and revolving the said rollers, substantially as set forth. (13.) The combination, with a stationary casing having a circular jaw, of rollers pivotally supported inside the casing, a revolvable mandrel bearing against the rollers below their fulcrums, and a spring-pressed thimble bearing against the said rollers above their fulcrums, operating to move them away from the jaw when the pressure of the mandrel against them is removed, all substantially as and for the purposes described and illustrated.

(Specification, 8s. 9d.; drawings, 10s. 6d.)

No. 13011.—24th September, 1900.—FREDERICK TREWEEK, of Whenuakura, New Zealand, Railway Ganger. An improved trap for catching rats and other similar animals.

Claims.—(1.) The improved trap for catching rats and other similar animals consisting of an oblong box that is divided transversely into three compartments, the centre one of which is in communication with the others by means of openings that are capable only of opening inwardly thereinto, and is also provided with means whereby the animal may be caught or trapped, substantially as specified. (2.) An oblong box or receptacle that is divided transversely into three compartments, the centre one of which is in communication with the other two and is provided with entrance-openings on each side, in combination with a three-winged tumbler that is pivoted within the centre compartment and so adapted that as it is tipped from one side to the other the upright wing of the tumbler shall alternately lie on each side of the entrance-openings in the sides of the compartment, as described and explained, and for the purposes set forth. (3.) The general arrangement, construction, and combination of parts in my improved trap for catching rats and other similar animals as described, and as illustrated in the sheet of drawings.

(Specification, 3s. 3d.; drawings, 3s.)

No. 13016.—27th September, 1900.—THE INTERNATIONAL POSTAL SUPPLY COMPANY OF NEW YORK, a corporation duly organized and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the State of New York, United States of America, and having a place of business at 150, Nassau Street, New York aforesaid, Manufacturers (assignees of Frederick George Jahn, of 353, Jay Street, Brooklyn, New York aforesaid, Mechanical Engineer). Improvement in mail-marking machines.

Claims.—(1.) A machine for stamp-cancelling and post-marking mail, including mail feeding and marking devices, a train of gears enclosed by the machine-framework and connected to actuate said devices, a supporting standard, and driving-means connected to the train of gears, substantially as and for the purpose described. (2.) A machine for marking mail, including an oil-reservoir having a hinged table, mail feeding and marking devices supported by said table, a train of gears enclosed within the oil-reservoir and also supported by the table, said gears being connected to actuate said devices, a supporting standard, driving-means secured within the standard and detachably connected to the train of gears, said driving-means being provided with self-adjusting connections, substantially as and for the purpose specified. (3.) A machine for marking mail, including mail feeding and marking devices, a continuously rotating shaft, a sleeve loosely mounted on the shaft and carrying a marking-die, spring-tensioned discs connected respectively to the sleeve and the shaft, a stop for preventing the rotation of the sleeve, and a trip for engaging the mail and moving the stop from its operative position and thereby permitting the rotation of the sleeve and the marking-die thereon, substantially as and for the purpose set forth. (4.) A machine for marking mail, including mail feeding and marking devices, a continuously rotating shaft, a sleeve mounted on the shaft and carrying a marking-die, a stop for preventing the rotation of the sleeve, a trip for engaging the mail and moving the stop from its operative position, and thereby permitting the rotation of the sleeve and the marking-die thereon, and a counter actuated by said sleeve, substantially as and for the purpose described. (5.) A machine for marking mail, including mail feeding and marking devices, inking-rollers, and ink-reservoir, a rock-lever, a head carried by the lever and movable in the reservoir, said head rocking independently of the lever and being provided with a yieldingly mounted ink-carrier, substantially as and for the purpose specified. (6.) A machine for marking mail, including mail feeding and marking devices, and a stacker consisting of separable entrance-rollers, one being yieldingly movable toward and away from the other, a receiving-tray having its bottom provided with a portion substantially aligned with the supporting-bed for the mail and with bars inclining downwardly from said portion, said tray having supporting side bars above the inclined bars, one side bar being adjustable toward and away from the other, and a revolvable abutment for forcing the mail lengthwise of the supporting bars, substantially as and for the purpose set forth. (7.) A machine for marking mail, including mail feeding and marking devices, a trip mounted to rock and yield with respect to its normal position, an abutment operated by the movement of said trip, and suitable means for restoring the trip and abutment to their normal positions, substantially as and for the purpose described.

(Specification, 11s.; drawings, £4 4s.)

No. 13017.—27th September, 1900.—THE INTERNATIONAL CHEMICAL COMPANY, a corporation of New Jersey, having its principal office at 60, Grand Street, Jersey City, New Jersey, United States of America (assignee of Charles Borrows Jacobs, of East Orange, Essex County, New Jersey aforesaid, Chemist). Improvements in silicides, and process for their manufacture.

Claims.—(1.) The process of making alkaline-earth silicides which consists in reducing a compound containing the alkaline-earth metal combined with oxygen, in the presence of siliceous material, by heating with carbon in the electric furnace. (2.) The process of making alkaline-earth silicides which consists in reducing a mixture containing the alkaline-earth metal and the siliceous material by heating with carbon in the electric furnace. (3.) The process of making alkaline-earth silicides which consists in reducing a compound containing the alkaline-earth metal combined with oxygen and mixed with silica, by heating with carbon in the electric furnace. (4.) The process of making a compound of silicon and hydrogen combined in equal molecular proportions which consists in reducing a mixture containing the alkaline-earth metal and the siliceous material by heating with carbon in the electric furnace and treating the resulting silicide with dilute acid. (5.) The chemical compound consisting of silicon combined with an alkaline-earth metal, in the proportion represented by the formula RSi_2 , R representing the alkaline-earth metal, the same being white or bluish-white substances of metallic appearance, having a crystalline fracture, oxidizing slowly in the air to silicon-dioxide and an alkaline-earth-metal oxide, and decomposed by pure water, with the formation of the alkaline-earth-metal hydrate, silica, and free hydrogen. (6.) The chemical compound consisting of silicon combined with barium, in the proportion represented by the formula $BaSi_2$, the same being white or bluish-white substances of metallic appearance, having a crystalline fracture, oxidizing slowly in the air to silicon-dioxide and barium-oxide, and decomposed by pure water with the formation of barium-silicide, silica, and free hydrogen. (7.) The compound consisting of silicon and hydrogen combined in equal molecular proportions, the same being a yellow crystalline non-explosive compound, insoluble in water and in acids, and soluble in caustic-alkali solutions.

(Specification, 6s. 3d.)

No. 13018.—27th September, 1900.—THE BRITISH WESTINGHOUSE ELECTRIC AND MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED, of Westinghouse Building, Norfolk Street, Westminster, England, Manufacturers (assignees of Charles Ira Young, of Land Title Building, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, United States of America, Electrical Engineer). Improvements in systems of electrical distribution.

Claims.—(1.) In an electrical installation operated on the three-wire system, a regulating generator having its armature included in the circuit of the neutral or balancing conductor of the system, and its field-magnet coils arranged so that their magnetizing effect varies as the difference between the loads on the two sides of the system varies, for the purpose specified. (2.) A regulating generator of which the field-magnet coils are connected in series with the armature and with the neutral or balancing conductor of the three-wire system, for the purpose specified. (3.) Three-wire systems of electrical distribution arranged and operated substantially as described with reference to the drawing.

(Specification, 6s.; drawings, 5s. 6d.)

No. 13019.—27th September, 1900.—JOHN ARMSTRONG, of 46, Lombard Street, London, England, Engineer. Improved process and apparatus for obtaining zinc and other volatile metals from ores or mattes.

Claims.—(1.) The process of obtaining volatile metals such as zinc, cadmium, mercury, or antimony from their respective ores or compounds which consists in reducing the metal out of contact of air, passing the fumes through incandescent fuel and into or through a bath of the metal in a liquid state and kept at a temperature a little above its fusing-point. (2.) In a furnace for reducing, volatilising, and condensing volatile metals such as zinc, cadmium, antimony, or mercury, arranging a central closed column for the charge of oxide, closed columns for the fuel, all converging into a central reduction-chamber below, means for passing a blast at numerous points through the fuel, and means for drawing off the fumes through the fuel and into or through a bath of the liquid metal, substantially as described. (3.) The furnace for volatilising, reducing, and condensing an easily volatilisable metal or metals, and simultaneously reducing and fluxing other metals in the ores or the like, and recovering

said metals free from easily volatilised metal, constructed and operating substantially as described. (4.) The method of condensing fumes of easily volatilisable metals such as zinc, cadmium, antimony, or mercury in the process of reduction from the ore or compounds which consists in passing them through a bath of the metal kept at a temperature a little above its fusing-point.

(Specification, 6s. 6d.; drawings, 8s.)

No. 13021.—28th September, 1900.—THE BRITISH WESTINGHOUSE ELECTRIC AND MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED, of Westinghouse Building, Norfolk Street, Westminster, England, Manufacturers (assignees of James Edgar Miller, of Edgewood Park, Allegheny, Pennsylvania, United States of America, Electrical Engineer). Improvements in mechanism for generating variable electro-motive force.

Claims.—(1.) An arrangement for supplying electrical energy with a variable potential difference from a source having a substantially constant electro-motive force by means of a motor and a generator, the field-magnets for the motor and generator having their windings connected in series through a resistance, and with a bridge across the circuit of said windings comprising a switch-arm for progressively transferring resistance from one field-magnet circuit to the other. (2.) The arrangements for supplying electrical energy with a variable potential difference substantially as described, and illustrated in the drawings.

(Specification, 3s. 3d.; drawings, 5s. 6d.)

No. 13022.—25th September, 1900.—ADAM HAMILTON, of Winton, New Zealand, Farmer. Improvements in wire-strainers.

Claims.—(1.) A wire-strainer, being the combination of a barrel A with a flattened face, with two fixed flanges B, B, to cause each coil of wire H to wind upon the previous one, flanges B, B, having holes E, E, to carry pins F, G, to secure the wire and tightened; the whole turned by any suitable movable handle catching both sides of the barrel and flanges and the pin D, all substantially as described and as explained and as illustrated, and for the purposes set forth. (2.) The combination of the above wire-strainer with a separate strainer X, Y, all substantially as described and as explained and as illustrated, and for the purposes set forth.

(Specification, 2s. 3d.; drawings, 3s.)

No. 13026.—6th August, 1900.—JOHN THOMAS JOHNSON, of Waipori, New Zealand, Mine-manager. Hydraulic-nozzle dredge.

Claims.—(1.) In hydraulic sluicing, the combination of a swivelled uptake and jet B, B', B'', C, carried on a dredge-pontoon A, worked by water under pressure, which also works the other dredge-machinery, brought on to the pontoon by pipes, constructed to allow of inevitable movements of the various parts, with a breaking-down jet and gold-saving tables, substantially as shown and described, and for the purposes specified. (2.) In sluicing under pressure, in combination, pontoons A, A', A'', for carrying the various machinery and pipes, an elevator B, B', B'', an elevating-jet C, C', a breaking-down jet capable of movements of direction D, D', D'', tables or boxes E, main F, swivelled or universal-jointed pipes G, G, and a distributing-pipe H, all substantially as described, and for the purposes as set forth.

(Specification, 2s. 6d.; drawings, 5s. 6d.)

No. 13034.—3rd October, 1900.—THOMAS EDWARD WOODHAMS NOYES, of 31, O'Connell Street, Sydney, New South Wales, Merchant (assignee of George William Green, of Woy Woy, New South Wales, Carpenter). Improvements in trays, drawers, and other egg-frames for incubators.

Claims.—(1.) In an incubator, a tray, or drawer, or frame having as its essential feature a false bottom adapted to be reciprocated beneath confined egg-spaces. (2.) In an incubator, a tray, drawer, or other egg-frame having stretched across it a false bottom, preferably of textile fabric, adapted to roll or wind upon rollers at either end, substantially as described and explained. (3.) In an incubator egg-holder, the combination with a main frame such as A, having a bottom such as A', of rollers such as B and C, a false bottom such as D, and a movable secondary frame such as E having cross-pieces such as E', substantially as described and explained, and as illustrated in the drawings.

(Specification, 3s. 9d.; drawings, 5s. 6d.)

No. 13037.—2nd October, 1900.—ALFRED LAUNCELOT JAMES TAIT, of 5, Balmain Street, Richmond, Victoria, Inventor. Improvements in and connected with clothes-pegs for holding suitable material on lines.

Claims.—(1.) A clothes-peg comprising a main body A, and forked portions at one or both ends thereof B, and having a longitudinal hole C through the main body whereby such peg is threaded upon a line D, as shown in the drawings, and as described and ascertained. (2.) Improvements in and connected with clothes-pegs for holding suitable material on lines, the said peg combined with the line and attached thereon, as shown in the drawings, and as described and ascertained.

(Specification, 2s.; drawings, 5s. 6d.)

No. 13038.—4th October, 1900.—DONALD McDONALD, of 14, River Street, Yarraville, Victoria, Engineer. An improved acetylene-gas-generating apparatus.

Claims.—(1.) In an improved acetylene-gas-generating apparatus, a carbide-generator having a gas-outlet and water-inlet and distributor therein, and a downwardly opening pivoted door at its bottom to permit the passage of charged or exhausted carbide-holders, said door having a relief-valve compressed to its outer face by a spiral spring adjusted by a nut on a bolt, the inner end of which bolt is held by a bridge-piece, all as and for the purposes described, and as illustrated in the drawings. (2.) In an improved acetylene-gas-generating apparatus, a main tank containing an open-bottomed, closed-top, stationary gas-reservoir having a water-outlet therein and a gas-inlet with a purifying-box thereon, and a gas-outlet, above which reservoir is an auxiliary tank having a dome thereon and a service-pipe therefrom and a float, the communication pipe over the outlet having thereon a valve controlled by a lever actuated by the said float, all as and for the purposes described, and as illustrated in the drawings. (3.) The improved acetylene-gas-generating apparatus consisting of a main tank containing an open-bottomed, closed-top, stationary gas reservoir having a water-outlet therein and a gas-inlet with a purifying-box thereon, and a gas-outlet, above which reservoir is an auxiliary tank having a dome thereon and a service-pipe therefrom and a float, the communication-pipe over the outlet having thereon a valve controlled by a lever actuated by said float, in combination with a carbide-generator having a gas-outlet and a water-inlet and distributor thereon and a downwardly opening pivoted door at its bottom, said door having a relief-valve compressed to its outer face by a spiral spring adjusted by a nut on a bolt, the inner end of which bolt is held by a bridge-piece, all as and for the purposes described, and as illustrated in the drawings.

(Specification, 5s. 9d.; drawings, 11s.)

F. WALDEGRAVE,
Registrar.

An asterisk (*) denotes the complete specification of an invention for which a provisional specification has been already lodged.

NOTE.—The cost of transcribing the specification, and an estimate of the amount required for copying the drawings, have been inserted after the notice of each application. An order for a copy or copies should be accompanied by a post-office order or postal note for the cost of copying.

The date of acceptance of each application is given after the number.

Provisional Specifications.

Patent Office,
Wellington, 9th October, 1900.

APPLICATIONS for Letters Patent, with provisional specifications, have been accepted as under:—

No. 13013.—24th September, 1900.—WILLIAM LISLE, of Darwin Street, Sydenham, Christchurch, New Zealand, Carrier. A self-lifting cart-jack.

No. 13014.—26th September, 1900.—JOHN WILLIAM DEEGAN, of Winton, New Zealand, Farmer. An improved scoop for cleaning up the bottoms of straw-stacks.

No. 13015.—27th September, 1900.—JOHN WELSBY, Engineer, and HENRY GEORGE BEDELL, Plumber, both of Wellington, New Zealand. Improvements in water-closet siphons and the like.

No. 13020.—28th September, 1900.—EDWIN PHILLIPS, of 533, Collins Street, Melbourne, Victoria, Certified Patent Agent (nominee of Luther Look, of 321, 322, 323, 324, Potomac Block, 217, South Broadway, Los Angeles, California, United States of America, Miner and Manufacturer). An ore-concentrator.

No. 13024.—27th September, 1900.—WILLIAM PAINTER, of Hinds, Canterbury, New Zealand, Ploughman. Improved skeith-regulating attachment for ploughs.

No. 13025.—25th September, 1900.—JAMES JOHN GIBSON, of Thames Street, Oamaru, New Zealand, Cycle-manufacturer. An improved gear for cycles, motor-cars, and other carriages.

No. 13027.—29th September, 1900.—HENRY GEORGE BEDELL, of Wellington, New Zealand, Plumber. An improved spouting-bracket.

No. 13028.—28th September, 1900.—WILLIAM ROBERT BLYTHE, of Napier, New Zealand, Outfitter. An improvement or improvements in shirts.

No. 13029.—1st October, 1900.—HENRY MAXIMILIAN WHATMAN, Sheep-farmer, and WILLIAM J. EALAM, Ploughman, both of Cheviot, New Zealand. Improvements in ploughshares.

No. 13030.—27th September, 1900.—LAMBERT VAN LAAK, of 3178, 17th Street, San Francisco, California, United States of America, Manufacturer, and HUGH CRAIG, of 210, Sansome Street, San Francisco aforesaid, Merchant, and WILLIAM SWINTON LAURIE, of Auckland, New Zealand, Merchant. The manufacturing and production of brooms, brushware, and scrubbers of each and every kind and description from the leaves and fibre of the *Phormium tenax* (New Zealand flax).

No. 13031.—27th September, 1900.—OSCAR PEAT, of York Street, Parnell, Auckland, New Zealand, Carpenter. An automatic adjustable chair.

No. 13032.—3rd October, 1900.—JOHN WILLIAM WILLETT and CHARLES O'CONNOR HADDO GORDON, both of Invercargill, New Zealand, Engineers. An improved spark arrester and extinguisher.

No. 13033.—3rd October, 1900.—JOSEPH ADDISON FRANCIS of Norwood, South Australia, Irrigation Engineer. An improved "buzz" fly or insect trap.

No. 13035.—2nd October, 1900.—ALEXANDER TWIDDLE, of Whangarei, New Zealand, Labourer. Improved shears for sheet metal.

No. 13040.—1st October, 1900.—ALEXANDER AITKEN, of Kumara, New Zealand, Civil Engineer, and ROBERT MARK AITKEN, of Reefton, New Zealand, Metallurgist. An invention for sinking shafts or cylinders through wet alluvial drifts or deposits below water-level without pumping the water or using air-locks, for prospecting and other purposes.

No. 13041.—3rd October, 1900.—CHARLES SIMPSON, of Springvale, Wanganui, New Zealand, Labourer. An improved garden rake.

No. 13042.—5th October, 1900.—CHARLES ALISTER TROTTER, of Opunake, New Zealand, Blacksmith. An improved method of and appliances for ascertaining distances and calculating altitudes, the same being specially applicable for range-finding for rifles.

No. 13043.—7th October, 1900.—JOHN DUNN, of Otamita, New Zealand, Farmer. An improved root outter or slicer.

F. WALDEGRAVE,
Registrar.

NOTE.—Provisional specifications cannot be inspected, or their contents made known by this office in any way, until the complete specifications in connection therewith have been accepted.

The date of acceptance of each application is given after the number.

Letters Patent sealed.

LIST of Letters Patent sealed from the 27th September, 1900, to the 6th October, 1900, inclusive:—

Nil.

F. WALDEGRAVE,
Registrar.

Letters Patent on which Fees have been paid.

[NOTE.—The dates are those of the payments.]

SECOND-TERM FEES.

NO. 8632.—A. Jordan, disintegrating-apparatus. 28th September, 1900.

No. 8910.—T. Boyd, cycle-bearings. 3rd October, 1900.

No. 8973.—C. W. H. Göpner and H. L. Diehl, recovering gold, &c., from solutions. 5th October, 1900.

No. 9014.—F. Ljungstrom, evaporator. 28th September, 1900.

No. 9254.—G. Westinghouse, rotary steam-engine. (C. A. Bäckström.) 28th September, 1900.

THIRD-TERM FEES.

No. 6462.—W. T. Mack, chimney-cowl. 2nd October, 1900.

No. 6487.—W. Andrews and A. W. Beaven, seed-dresser. 4th October, 1900.

F. WALDEGRAVE,
Registrar.

Subsequent Proprietors of Letters Patent registered.

[NOTE.—The name of the patentee is given in brackets; the date is that of registration.]

No. 6493.—Eliza White, of Christchurch, New Zealand, Widow, and Arthur Clement Reed, of the same place, Accountant (being the executors and trustees under the will of the late Alfred Joseph White), woven wire fabric. *Proprietors of all the patent rights and licenses granted by Thomas Henry Doughty to Thomas Thomson.* [T. H. Doughty.] 2nd October, 1900.

No. 9970.—The Fish-oil and Guano Company, Limited, of 16, St. Helen's Place, London, England, treating fish-refuse. [The Fish-oil and Guano Syndicate, Limited—J. C. W. Stanley.] 2nd October, 1900.

No. 11416.—The Fish-oil and Guano Company, Limited, of 16, St. Helen's Place, London, England, extracting oil. *Proprietors of the undivided share or moiety of J. C. W. Stanley and all other (if any) his share, right, and interest of, to, and in the Letters Patent.* [J. C. W. Stanley and the Fish-oil and Guano Company, Limited.] 2nd October, 1900.

No. 11535.—The British Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company, Limited, a company duly formed and registered under the English Companies Acts, and having its registered office situate at Westinghouse Building, Norfolk Street, Strand, Westminster, England, system of electric distribution. [B. G. Lamme.] 2nd October, 1900.

No. 11536.—The British Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company, Limited, a company duly formed and registered under the English Companies Acts, and having its registered office situate at Westinghouse Building, Norfolk Street, Strand, Westminster, England, electric railway. [G. Westinghouse, C. A. Terry, and H. P. Davis.] 2nd October, 1900.

No. 11691.—The British Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company, Limited, a company duly formed and registered under the English Companies Acts, and having its registered office situate at Westinghouse Building, Norfolk Street, Strand, Westminster, England, starting-mechanism for electric motor. [T. S. Perkins.] 2nd October, 1900.

F. WALDEGRAVE,
Registrar.

Notice of Request to amend Specification.

Patent Office,
Wellington, 9th October, 1900.

A REQUEST for leave to amend the specification relating to the under-mentioned application for Letters Patent has been received, and is open to public inspection at this office. Any person may, at any time within one month from the date of this *Gazette*, give me notice in writing of opposition to the amendment. Such notice must set forth the particular grounds of objection, and be in duplicate. A fee of 10s. is payable thereon.

No. 11059.—13th October, 1898.—Marie Lillenthal Squire, of Fairview, near Timaru, New Zealand, Tesoro-manufacturer. A medicine for the cure of toothache, neuralgia, and suchlike ailments.

The nature of the proposed amendment is as follows:—

To strike out the claim, and insert in place thereof the following: "The combination or union in any form of alcohol in any form with a pungent spice or an extract of a pungent spice, substantially as for the purpose herein described."

The applicant states: "My reasons for making this amendment are as follow: That it is desirable to better define and limit the claim in order that it may more clearly represent what is intended to be claimed in the specification."

F. WALDEGRAVE,
Registrar.

Request for Correction of Clerical Error.

No. 11855.—W. Burrell and J. W. Story, rabbit-crate (advertised in Supplement to *New Zealand Gazette*, No. 50, of the 7th June, 1900). To alter the title to "An improved export crate for rabbits, and mode of packing them."

F. WALDEGRAVE,
Registrar.

Applications for Letters Patent abandoned.

LIST of applications for Letters Patent (with which provisional specifications only have been lodged) abandoned from the 27th September, 1900, to the 9th October, 1900, inclusive:—

- No. 12145.—J. T. Johnson, dredge.
- No. 12204.—G. D. Delprat, E. J. Horwood, G. C. Klug, leaching ores.
- No. 12207.—D. Stuart, knife-cleaner.
- No. 12209.—C. Todd, gold-recovering device.
- No. 12211.—J. Brokensha, hairpin.
- No. 12212.—J. East, treating flax.
- No. 12213.—G. W. Ferguson, snips for cutting sheet metal.
- No. 12214.—E. Richardson, damper and fire-bars.
- No. 12215.—C. H. Ward and E. W. Thomas, separating gold from fumes.
- No. 12216.—C. H. Ward and E. W. Thomas, separating gold from fumes.
- No. 12222.—J. Thomson, lifting gold from rocky bottoms.
- No. 12223.—E. Smethurst, oven.
- No. 12227.—E. Richardson, marine boiler.
- No. 12246.—W. Griffiths, pump.

F. WALDEGRAVE,
Registrar.

Applications for Letters Patent lapsed.

LIST of applications for Letters Patent (with which complete specifications have been lodged) lapsed from the 27th September, 1900, to the 9th October, 1900, inclusive:—

- No. 11484.—W. Stevenson, rabbit-crate.
- No. 11485.—P. Stephenson, fire-escape.
- No. 11503.—F. Curtis, medicine.
- No. 11504.—E. B. Vaile, railway-brake.
- No. 11510.—G. L. Thomson, grain-covering.

F. WALDEGRAVE,
Registrar.

Letters Patent void.

LIST of Letters Patent void through non-payment of fees from the 27th September, 1900, to the 9th October, 1900, inclusive:—

THROUGH NON-PAYMENT OF SECOND-TERM FEES.

- No. 8609.—The Davies Motor Company, Limited, electro-motor (the Alternate Current Electro-motor Syndicate, Limited—W. Langdon-Davies).
- No. 8610.—J. A. H. Adolph and H. G. Johnson, clothes-washing machine.
- No. 8612.—J. Osborne, well-sinking appliances.
- No. 8613.—G. J. Altham, oil-engine.
- No. 8614.—L. C. Werner, bottle.
- No. 8616.—Kinkead Mill Company, rock crusher and grinder (J. H. Kinkead).
- No. 8617.—D. J. Crosby, connecting-rod.
- No. 8618.—D. J. Crosby, belting.
- No. 8619.—B. Gray, gold-saving apparatus.
- No. 8620.—F. E. Strangward, contrivance for cleaning ball bearings.
- No. 8621.—W. C. Gee, venetian blind.
- No. 8624.—G. J. Silcock, horse-cover.
- No. 8628.—P. T. Balls, knife-attachment for linotype.
- No. 8630.—W. A. Waddell, weatherboard-joint.
- No. 8631.—M. J. Nolan, bottle.
- No. 8634.—J. Murdoch, T. W. Lewis, and W. H. Harris, filter.
- No. 8639.—G. Lee, elevator or mining-pump.*
- No. 8894.—G. Ellis, sprayer and mixer.

THROUGH NON-PAYMENT OF THIRD-TERM FEES.

- No. 6270.—J. P. G. Martin, mine-ventilator.
- No. 6278.—H. and H. B. Watts, threshing-machine band-cutter and feeder.

F. WALDEGRAVE,
Registrar.

* Omitted from last *Gazette* list.

Applications for Registration of Trade Marks.

Patent Office,
Wellington, 9th October, 1900.

APPLICATIONS for registration of the following trade marks have been received. Notice of opposition to the registration of any of these applications may be lodged at this office within two months of the date of this Gazette. Such notice must be in duplicate, and accompanied by a fee of £1.

No. of application : 2950.
Date : 14th February, 1900.

TRADE MARK.



The essential particular of this trade mark is the device ; and any right to the exclusive use of the word "Glencoe" is disclaimed.

NAME.

JAMES WATSON AND Co., LIMITED, of 97, Seagate, Dundee, Scotland, Distillers and Whisky Merchants.

No. of class : 43.
Description of goods : Whisky.

No. of application : 3072.
Date : 22nd June, 1900.

TRADE MARK.

The word

Ichthoform

NAME.

ICHTHYOL-GESELLSCHAFT CORDES, HERMANNI, AND Co., of Hamburg, German Empire, Manufacturers of Chemical and Pharmaceutical Products and Preparations.

No. of class : 3.
Description of goods : Chemical substances prepared for use in medicine and pharmacy.

No. of application : 3073.
Date : 22nd June, 1900.

TRADE MARK.

The word

Ichthargan

NAME.

ICHTHYOL-GESELLSCHAFT CORDES, HERMANNI, AND Co., of Hamburg, German Empire, Manufacturers of Chemical and Pharmaceutical Products and Preparations.

No. of class : 3.
Description of goods : Chemical substances prepared for use in medicine and pharmacy.

No. of application : 3085.
Date : 9th July, 1900.

TRADE MARK.

The word

CONTINGENT.

NAME.

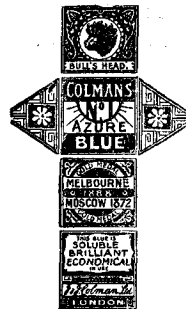
FRANCIS JAMES WEBBER FEAR, of Wellington, New Zealand, Engineer.

No. of class : 1.

Description of goods : Chemical substances used in manufacture, photography, or philosophical research, including calcium-carbide.

No. of application : 3172.
Date : 4th September, 1900.

TRADE MARK.



The essential particulars of this trade mark are the combination of devices, the words "Bull's Head," and the distinctive label ; and the applicants disclaim any right to the exclusive use of the added matter except their name.

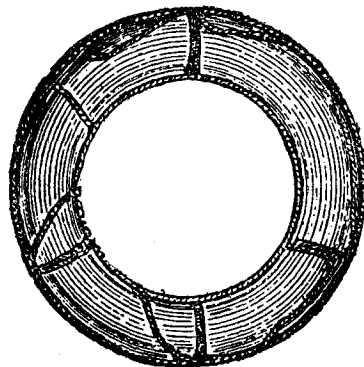
NAME.

J. AND J. COLMAN, LIMITED, of 108, Cannon Street, London England.

No. of class : 47.
Description of goods : Washing-blue.

No. of application : 3180.
Date : 12th September, 1900.

TRADE MARK.



NAME.

JOHN PLAYER AND SONS, LIMITED, of Castle Tobacco Factory, Nottingham, England, Tobacco- and Cigar-manufacturers.

No. of class : 45.
Description of goods : Tobacco, whether manufactured or unmanufactured.

No. of application : 3186.
Date : 14th September, 1900.

The word

TRADE MARK.

CUROL.

NAME.

WILLIAM CROTHERS FITZGERALD, of Willis Street, Wellington, New Zealand, Consulting Chemist.

No. of class : 48.
Description of goods : A toilet-soap.

No. of application : 3193.
Date : 24th September, 1900.

The word

TRADE MARK.

FOSSIL-MEAL.

NAME.

P. A. HADLEY AND Co., of Auckland, New Zealand, Merchants.

No. of class : 1.
Description of goods : Boiler-coverings.

No. of application : 3194.
Date : 27th September, 1900.

TRADE MARK.



The essential particulars of this trade mark are the words "Our Bobs" and the combination of devices; and any right to the exclusive use of the added matter is disclaimed.

NAME.

EDWARD REEVES AND Co., of Wellington, New Zealand, Merchants.

No. of class : 42.
Description of goods : Butter.

No. of application : 3195.
Date : 27th September, 1900.

The word
TRADE MARK.
TULIP.

NAME.
EDWIN GROVE (Grove's Cash Store), of the Square,
Palmerston North, New Zealand.

No. of class : 42.
Description of goods : Milled butter.

No. of application : 3196.
Date : 27th September, 1900.

The word
TRADE MARK.
AMICUS.

NAME.
EDWIN GROVE (Grove's Cash Store), of the Square,
Palmerston North, New Zealand.

No. of class : 42.
Description of goods : Dairy butter.

No. of application : 3197.
Date : 28th September, 1900.



The essential particular of this trade mark is the combination of devices; and the applicant disclaims any right to the exclusive use of the added matter except his name and address.

NAME.
SAMUEL GEORGE ROSEMAN, of Elgin Street, Auckland, New Zealand, Brush-manufacturer.

No. of class : 50.
Description of goods : Brushware.

No. of application : 3198.
Date : 2nd October, 1900.

The words
TRADE MARK.
IMPERIAL FEDERATION.

The applicants claim that the said trade mark has been in use by them in respect of the articles mentioned for over fifteen years.

NAME.
SALMON AND GLUCKSTEIN, LIMITED, of Clerkenwell Road, London, England, Manufacturers.

No. of class : 45.
Description of goods : Tobacco, whether manufactured or unmanufactured.

No. of application : 3202.
Date : 7th October, 1900.

TRADE MARK.



The essential particulars of this trade mark are the words "Southern Cross" and the device comprising four stars denoting the Southern Cross constellation inside of a nest of rings, with a representation of different kinds of fruit, stems, and leaves on both sides of the outer ring; and the applicants disclaim any right to the exclusive use of the added matter save and except their trading name and address. The applicants claim that the said trade mark has been in use by them in respect of the articles mentioned for the past fourteen years.

NAME.
MENNIE AND DEY, of Auckland and Thames, New Zealand, Jam and Biscuit Manufacturers, and Confectioners.

No. of class : 42.
Description of goods : Jam, dried fruit, confectionery, and biscuits.

No. of application: 3199.

Date: 2nd October, 1900.

TRADE MARK.

The word

TURRET.

NAME.

OGDEN'S, LIMITED, of Liverpool, England, and York Street, Sydney, New South Wales, Tobacco-manufacturers.

No. of class: 45.

Description of goods: Cigars, cigarettes, and tobacco.

F. WALDEGRAVE,
Registrar.

Trade Marks registered.

LIST of Trade Marks registered from the 27th September, 1900, to the 9th October, 1900, inclusive:—

No. 418; 2990.—The Sydney Soap and Candle Company, Limited; Class 48. (*Gazette* No. 59, of the 5th July, 1900.)

No. 2419; 3036.—Blundell, Spence, and Co., Limited; Class 1. (*Gazette* No. 65, of the 19th July, 1900.)

No. 2420; 3069.—E. H. Eglinton; Class 13. (*Gazette* No. 59, of the 5th July, 1900.)

No. 2421; 3070.—H. Brooks and Co.; Class 50. (*Gazette* No. 59, of the 5th July, 1900.)

No. 2422; 3071.—The Rubber Tire Manufacturing Company, Limited; Class 40. (*Gazette* No. 59, of the 5th July, 1900.)

No. 2423; 3074.—R. Malcolm and Co.; Class 25. (*Gazette* No. 59, of the 5th July, 1900.)

No. 2424; 3080.—Major and Co., Limited; Class 2. (*Gazette* No. 59, of the 5th July, 1900.)

No. 2425; 3081.—Major and Co., Limited; Class 3. (*Gazette* No. 59, of the 5th July, 1900.)

No. 2426; 3082.—Major and Co., Limited; Class 47. (*Gazette* No. 59, of the 5th July, 1900.)

No. 2427; 3083.—Major and Co., Limited; Class 48. (*Gazette* No. 59, of the 5th July, 1900.)

No. 2428; 3091.—The Whitecross Company, Limited; Class 5. (*Gazette* No. 65, of the 19th July, 1900.)

No. 2429; 3039.—Best and Towne; Class 22. (*Gazette* No. 46, of the 25th May, 1900.)

No. 2430; 2884.—W. Barnett; Class 48. (*Gazette* No. 9, of the 1st February, 1900.)

No. 2431; 2773.—E. F. Dombrain; Class 2. (*Gazette* No. 80, of the 28th September, 1899.)

No. 2432; 3088.—H. E. Partridge; Class 48. (*Gazette* No. 65, of the 19th July, 1900.)

No. 2433; 2799.—A. Walsh; Class 45. (*Gazette* No. 80, of the 28th September, 1899.)

No. 2434; 3066.—The New Zealand Loan and Mercantile Agency Company, Limited; Class 7. (*Gazette* No. 54, of the 21st June, 1900.)

F. WALDEGRAVE,
Registrar.

Subsequent Proprietors of Trade Mark registered.

[NOTE.—The name of the former proprietor is given in brackets; the date is that of registration.]

NO. 85/1126.—Felten and Guilleaume, Carlswerk Actien-Gesellschaft, of Mülheim-on-the-Rhine, German Empire. [Felten and Guilleaume.] 3rd October, 1900.

F. WALDEGRAVE,
Registrar.

By Authority: JOHN MACRAY, Government Printer, Wellington.